

WEBSTER'S NEW TWENTIETH CENTURY DICTIONARY

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EXHIBIT

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tabbles

prē-des'tine, *v.i.*; predestined, *pt.*, *pp.*; predestining, *ppr.* [*L. prędestinare*; *prę*, before, and *destinare*, to appoint.] to destine or decree beforehand; to foreordain.

prę-dę-tęr'mi-nę-ble, *a.* capable of being determined beforehand.

prę-dę-tęr'mi-nęte, *a.* predetermined; as, the predetermined counsel of God.

prę-dę-tęr'mi-nętion, *n.* a predetermining or being predetermined.

prę-dę-tęr'mine, *v.t.*; predetermined, *pt.*, *pp.*; predetermining, *ppr.* [*LL. prędeterminare*; *L. prę*, before, and *determinare*, to bound, limit.]

1. to determine, decide, or decree beforehand.
2. to give a tendency to or impel beforehand; to prejudice.

prę-dę-tęr'mine, *v.i.* to settle or determine beforehand.

prę-dę-tęr'min-ęr, *n.* one who predetermines.

prę-dę-tęr'min-ęm, *n.* the doctrine that individual development is predetermined by heredity.

prę-dę-vęte, *a.* predevoted; of or pertaining to devotion assigned or given beforehand.

prę-dę-vęte, *v.t.* 1. to foreordain.

2. to devote to beforehand.

prę-di-ę-tęl, *a.* same as *prędictal*.

prę-di-ę-tęl-ę, *a.* in physiology, preceding the expansion of the heart.

prę-di-ę-bil-ęty, *n.* the state or quality of being predicable, or capable of being affirmed.

prę-di-ę-ble, *a.* [*Fr. prędicable*; *L. prędicabilis*, from *prędicare*, to proclaim.] that can be predicated.

prę-di-ę-ble, *n.* 1. something predicable.

2. in logic, any of the several sorts of predicate that can be used of a subject: genus, species, difference, property, and accident are the five Aristotelian predicables.

prę-di-ę-bly, *adv.* in a predicable manner.

prę-di-ę-ment, *n.* [*LL. prędicamentum*, from *L. prędicare*, to proclaim.]

1. in Aristotelian logic, same as *category*.
2. a condition or situation, especially one that is dangerous, unpleasant, embarrassing, or, sometimes, comical.

Syn.—category, contingency, condition, conjuncture, event, plight, situation.

prę-di-ę-men'tęl, *a.* of, or having the nature of, a predicament.

prę-di-ę-nt, *a.* [*L. prędicans*, *ppr.* of *prędicare*, to proclaim.] predicating; proclaiming; preaching.

prę-di-ę-nt, *n.* one who predicates, affirms, or preaches; a preacher; a preaching friar.

prę-di-ę-te, *v.t.*; predicated, *pt.*, *pp.*; predicating, *ppr.* [*L. prędicatus*, *pp.* of *prędicare*, to proclaim; *prę*, before, and *dicere*, to say.]

1. to proclaim; preach; declare; affirm.
2. to affirm as a quality, attribute, or property of a person or thing; as, let us predicate greenness of grass.
3. to involve as a connotation; to imply; as, grass predicates greenness.
4. to affirm or base upon facts, arguments, conditions, etc.

prę-di-ę-te, *v.i.* to make an affirmation or statement.

prę-di-ę-te, *n.* 1. in logic, that which is affirmed or denied about the subject of a proposition. In these propositions, "paper is white," "ink is not white," whiteness is the predicate affirmed of paper and denied of ink.

2. in grammar, the word or words that make a statement about the subject of a clause or sentence; a predicate may be: (a) a verb of complete meaning; as, the wind blows; (b) a verb and its adverbial modifier; as, the wind blows from the east; (c) a transitive verb and its object; as, John threw the ball; (d) a linking verb and its complement; as, the grass is green, grass is a plant.
3. an appellation or title that asserts or affirms something.

prę-di-ę-te, *a.* 1. predicated.

2. in grammar, of, having the nature of, or involved in a predicate; as, a predicate noun.

prę-di-ę-tętion, *n.* [*L. prędictio*.]

1. a predicating or being predicated.
2. a predicate.

prę-di-ę-tę-tive, *a.* [*L. prędicativus*, from *prędicare*, to proclaim.]

1. predicating or expressing predication.
2. serving as or in a predicate.

prę-di-ę-tę-tive-ly, *adv.* in a predicative manner.

prę-di-ę-tę-tęry, *a.* [*LL. prędicatorius*, praising, from *L. prędicare*, to proclaim.]

1. preaching.
2. having to do with preaching.
3. preached.

prę-di-ę-tę-tę, *a.* occurring before the dirotic wave of the sphgmogram.

prę-di-ę-tę, *v.t.*; predicted, *pt.*, *pp.*; predicting, *ppr.* [*L. prędictus*, *pp.* of *prędicere*, to foretell; *prę*, before, and *dicere*, to tell.] to foretell; to prophesy; to prognosticate; to make known beforehand.

Syn.—foretell, prophesy, prognosticate, presage, forebode, foreshow.

prę-di-ę-tę, *v.i.* to make a prediction or predictions.

prę-di-ę-tę, *n.* a prophecy; a prediction. [*Obs.*]

prę-di-ę-tę-ble, *a.* that can be predicted.

prę-di-ę-tęd, *a.* foretold; made known before the event.

prę-di-ę-tętion, *n.* [*L. prędictio (-onis)*.]

1. a predicting or being predicted.
2. a prophecy.

Syn.—prophecy, prognostication, foretelling, presage, augury.

prę-di-ę-tę-tę, *a.* of the nature of a prediction.

prę-di-ę-tę-tive, *a.* foretelling; prophetic.

prę-di-ę-tę-tive-ly, *adv.* by way of prediction; prophetically.

prę-di-ę-tę-tę, *n.* 1. a person who predicts.

2. an anticraft aiming device that calculates flying speeds, courses, and altitudes of approaching planes.

prę-di-ę-tę-tęry, *a.* predictive; foretelling.

prę-di-ę-tęst, *v.t.*; predigested, *pt.*, *pp.*; predigesting, *ppr.* to digest beforehand; specifically, to make (food) more digestible by an artificial process before it is eaten.

prę-di-ę-tę-tętion (-jes'chun), *n.* 1. hasty digestion. [*Obs.*]

2. a predigesting or being predigested.

prę-di-ę-tę-tę, *a.* preferred; chosen. [*Rare.*]

prę-di-ę-tę-tętion, *n.* [*Fr. prędilection*, from *ML. prędiligere*, to prefer; *L. prę*, before, and *diligere*, to prefer.] a preconceived liking; partiality; preference.

prę-di-ę-cęv-ęr, *v.t.*; prediscovered, *pt.*, *pp.*; prediscovering, *ppr.* to discover beforehand; to foresee.

prę-di-ę-cęv-ęry, *n.* prior discovery.

prę-di-ę-pę-nęcy, *n.* a predisposition; the condition or state of being predisposed.

prę-di-ę-pę-nęnt, *a.* causing an inclination toward something; predisposing.

prę-di-ę-pę-nęnt, *n.* that which predisposes.

prę-di-ę-pę-tę, *v.t.*; predisposed, *pt.*, *pp.*; predisposing, *ppr.* 1. to dispose, or make receptive, beforehand; to make susceptible; as, fatigue predisposes one to colds.

2. to dispose of beforehand.

prę-di-ę-pę-tętion, *n.* 1. a predisposing.

2. the condition of being predisposed; previous inclination; tendency; predilection; susceptibility.

prę-di-ę-pę-tę-tętion-ęl, *a.* of or relating to predisposition.

prę-dom'i-nęnce, **prę-dom'i-nęncy**, *n.* 1. the quality or condition of being predominant; prevalence over others; superiority in strength, power, influence, or authority; ascendancy.

2. in astrology, the superior influence of a planet.

prę-dom'i-nęnt, *a.* [*Fr. prędominant*; *L. prę*, before, and *dominari*, to rule.]

1. having ascendancy, influence, or authority over others; superior; dominating; controlling; as, a predominant color.
2. most frequent, noticeable, etc.; prevailing; preponderant.

Syn.—prevalent, supreme, prevailing, overruling, ascendant, ruling, reigning, controlling.

prę-dom'i-nęnt-ly, *adv.* in a predominant manner; so as to be predominant.

prę-dom'i-nęte, *v.t.*; predominated, *pt.*, *pp.*; predominating, *ppr.* [*from ML. prędominatus*, *pp.* of *prędominari*, to rule.]

1. to have ascendancy, influence, or authority (over others); to be superior; to hold sway.
2. to be dominant over all others; to prevail; to preponderate.

So much did love to her executed lord
Predominate in this fair lady's heart.
—Daniel.

prę-dom'i-nęte, *v.i.* to rule over. [*Rare.*]

prę-dom'i-nę-tę, *a.* having superior strength or influence; ruling; controlling.

prę-dom'i-nę-tę-ly, *adv.* with predomination; predominantly.

prę-dom'i-nę-tętion, *n.* a predominating.

prę-dęm', *v.i.* to doom beforehand.

prę-dęmed', *a.* doomed beforehand.

prę-dę-sęl, *a.* situated immediately in front of the thoracic or dorsal region of the vertebral column.

prę-dęad'naught (-dred'nęt), *n.* a battleship of extraordinary size that carries some large and some smaller guns, thus differing from the dreadnaught.

prę-dę, *a.* ready. [*Obs.*]

pręef, *n.* proof. [*Obs.*]

prę-ę-ę-tę, *v.t.* to choose or elect beforehand; also written *pręelect*.

prę-ę-ę-tętion, *a.* occurring before an election; also written *pręelection*.

prę-ę-ę-tętion, *n.* a previous choice; also written *pręelection*.

prę-em'i-nęnce, *n.* [*LL. pręeminentia*], the condition or quality of being pre-eminent; also written *pręeminence*.

prę-em'i-nęnt, *a.* [*L. pręeminens (-entis)*, *ppr.* of *pręeminere*, to project forward; *prę*, before, and *eminere*, to project.] eminent above others; excelling others, especially in a particular quality; prominent; surpassing; also written *pręeminent*.

prę-em'i-nęnt-ly, *adv.* to a pre-eminent degree; also written *pręeminently*.

prę-ęmpt', *v.t.*; pre-empted, *pt.*, *pp.*; pre-empting, *ppr.* [back-formation from *pręemption*.]

1. to acquire by pre-emption; to obtain the right of pre-emption, as by settlement upon (public land).
2. to seize before anyone else can, excluding others; to appropriate.

Also written *pręempt*.

prę-ęmpt-ę-tę-ble, *a.* that can be pre-empted; also written *pręemptible*.

prę-ęmpt-tętion, *n.* [*from ML. pręemptus*, *pp.* of *pręemere*, to buy beforehand; from *L. prę*, before, and *emere*, to buy.]

1. the act or right of buying land, etc. before, or in preference to, others.
2. formerly, in England, the privilege or prerogative enjoyed by the king of buying provisions for his household in preference to others.
3. in international law, the right of seizing goods by a belligerent from a neutral upon compensation of the owner.

Also written *pręemption*.

prę-ęmpt-tętion-ęr, *n.* a pre-emptor; also written *pręemptioner*.

prę-ęmpt-tę-tive, *a.* of, or having the nature of, pre-emption; also written *pręemptive*.

prę-ęmpt-tę-tę, *n.* one who pre-empt; also written *pręemptor*.

prę-ęmpt-tę-tęry, *a.* pre-emptive; also written *pręemptory*.

pręen, *n.* [*AS. pręon*, a clasp.] a pin; a bodkin; a brooch. [*Scot.*]

pręen, *v.t.*; preened, *pt.*, *pp.*; preening, *ppr.* [*var. of pręune* (to trim).]

1. to clean and trim (the feathers) with the beak; said of birds.
2. to make (oneself) trim; to dress up or adorn (oneself).
3. to show satisfaction with or vanity in (oneself).

pręen, *v.i.* to prink; to primp.

prę-en-ęęę, *v.t.*; pre-engaged, *pt.*, *pp.*; pre-engaging, *ppr.* to engage by previous contract or influence; to preoccupy; also written *pręengage*.

prę-en-ęęęment, *n.* a prior engagement; also written *pręengagement*.

prę-ęng'lish, *n.* the Continental Low German language from which Anglo-Saxon (Old English) developed; Anglo-Frisian.

prę-ęng'lish, *a.* 1. of Pre-English.

2. of the peoples and languages of England before the Anglo-Saxon conquest.

prę-ę-ę-tę, *v.i.* to erect previously; also written *pręerect*.

prę-es-tęb'lish, *v.t.* to establish beforehand; also written *pręestablish*.

prę-es-tęb'lishment, *n.* settlement beforehand; also written *pręestablishment*.

prę-ex-ęm-in-ę-tętion, *n.* previous examination; also written *pręexamination*.

prę-ex-ęm-ę-tę, *v.t.* to examine beforehand; also written *pręexamine*.

prę-ex-il'i-ę, *a.* [*from prę, exile* (or *L. exilium*, exile), and *-ęn*.] of or in that period of Jewish history preceding the Babylonian exile (6th century B.C.); also written *pręexilian*.

prę-ex-il'i-ę, *a.* pre-exilian; also written *pręexilic*.